

# Math 3326 Quiz #7

SPRING SEMESTER 2009

Name SOLUTIONS.

1. Find the Fourier series of  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & -\pi \leq x < 0 \\ 2 & 0 \leq x \leq \pi. \end{cases}$  Simplify your coefficients as much as possible.

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \left[ \int_{-\pi}^0 dx + \int_0^{\pi} 2 dx \right] = \frac{1}{\pi} [\pi + 2\pi] = 3$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \cos nx dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^0 \cos nx dx + \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} 2 \cos nx dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left[ \frac{\sin nx}{n} \Big|_{-\pi}^0 + 2 \frac{\sin nx}{n} \Big|_0^{\pi} \right] = 0$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \sin nx dx = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^0 \sin nx dx + \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} 2 \sin nx dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left[ -\frac{\cos nx}{n} \Big|_{-\pi}^0 - 2 \frac{\cos nx}{n} \Big|_0^{\pi} \right] = \frac{1}{\pi} \left[ -\frac{1}{n} + \frac{(-1)^n}{n} - \frac{2(-1)^n}{n} + \frac{2}{n} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left[ \frac{1}{n} - \frac{(-1)^n}{n} \right] \text{ so } b_{2n} = 0 \text{ and } b_{2n+1} = \frac{2}{\pi(2n+1)}$$

$$\therefore \text{FS } f(x) = \frac{3}{2} + \frac{2}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin(2n+1)x}{2n+1} \quad (*)$$

2. From 1, evaluate the series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{2n-1}$ .

By our convergence theorem,  $\text{FS } f(x) \Big|_{x=\frac{\pi}{2}} = \frac{f(\frac{\pi^+}{2}) + f(\frac{\pi^-}{2})}{2} = 2$ .

Let  $x = \pi/2$  in the term on the right-hand side of (\*):

$$\frac{3}{2} + \frac{2}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin(2n+1)\frac{\pi}{2}}{2n+1} = \frac{3}{2} + \frac{2}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{2n+1}$$

$$\therefore 2 = \frac{3}{2} + \frac{2}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{2n+1} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{2n+1}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{2n+1} = \frac{\pi}{4}$$